

Remarks on the Family Bodotriidae

The bodotriids are a diverse family of 29 genera worldwide divided into three subfamilies. One of these, the Mancocuminae with three genera, has not been reported from the Pacific. The Bodotriinae, with eleven genera worldwide, is represented in the North Pacific by five genera but only by Cyclaspis and Cyclaspoides in the Northeast Pacific. The Vaunthompsoniinae, with 15 genera worldwide, is represented by four genera in the Northeast Pacific.

The subfamilies are separated on the basis of the number of pereopods with exopods, and by the number of pleopods in the male.

1. Exopods on only the first pair of pereopods.....Bodotriinae
Exopods on two or more pairs of pereopods.....2
2. Male with five pairs of pleopods.....Vaunthompsoniinae
Male with <five pairs of pleopods.....Mancocuminae

Along the west coast of North America the bodotriid fauna consists of 13 species at present, with an additional six known from the Gulf of California in the Panamic province. Only four of these species are described. Preliminary descriptions of three other species were provided by Given in his 1970 Thesis, but formal description is still pending. The known fauna is as follows:

BODOTRIINAE

- Cyclaspis sp. A of SCAMIT
- Cyclaspis sp. B of SCAMIT
- Cyclaspis sp. C of SCAMIT
- Cyclaspis sp. D of MBC
- Cyclaspis nubila Zimmer 1936
- Cyclaspoides sp. A of Cadien

VAUNTHOMPSONIINAE

- Bathycuma longicaudata Calman 1912
- Glyphocuma sp. A of SCAMIT
- Leptocuma forsmani Zimmer 1941
- Vaunthompsonia sp. A of Diener
- Vaunthompsonia sp. B of Cadien
- Vaunthompsonia sp. C of Diener
- Vaunthompsonia pacifica Zimmer 1943

BODOTRIIDAE

(updated as of 8 May 1989)

<u>Bathycuma longicaudata</u>	Calman 1912
<u>Cyclaspis sp. A</u>	SCAMIT (1986)
= Cyclaspis a sp. n. of Given 1970	
= Cyclaspis sp. A of Myers and Benedict 1975	
= Cyclaspis sp. A of Diener	
<u>Cyclaspis sp. B</u>	SCAMIT (1989)
= Cyclaspis b sp. n. of Given 1970	
= Cyclaspis sp. B of Myers and Benedict 1975	
<u>Cyclaspis sp. C</u>	SCAMIT (1986)
= Cyclaspis c sp. n. of Given 1970	
= Cyclaspis sp. C of Myers and Benedict 1975	
<u>Cyclaspis sp. D</u>	SCAMIT (1989)
= Cyclaspis sp. D of MBC	
<u>Cyclaspis nubila</u>	Zimmer 1936
<u>Cyclaspoides sp. A</u>	(of Cadien)
<u>Glyphocuma sp. A</u>	SCAMIT (1989)
= Leptocuma sp. A of Phillips	
= Glyphocuma sp. A of Phillips	
= Vaunthompsonia sp. B of Given 1970	
<u>Leptocuma forsmanni</u>	Zimmer 1941
<u>Vaunthompsonia pacifica</u>	Zimmer 1943
= Vaunthompsonia sp. A of Given 1970	
<u>Vaunthompsonia sp. A</u>	(of Diener)
<u>Vaunthompsonia sp. B</u>	(of Cadien)
<u>Vaunthompsonia sp. C</u>	(of Diener)

Taxa from the Gulf of California and Southern Baja California

<u>[Cyclaspis b</u>	Donath 1985]
<u>[Cyclaspis c</u>	Donath 1985]
<u>[Cyclaspis d sp. n.</u>	Donath 1985]
<u>[Cyclaspis e n. sp.</u>	Donath 1985]
<u>[Cyclaspis f n. sp.</u>	Donath 1985]
<u>[Cyclaspis g n. sp.</u>	Donath 1985]

These 13 species can be separated by use of the following key:

1. Exopods on only the first pair of pereopods.....2
 Exopods on more than one pair of pereopods.....7
2. First three pedigerous segments fused with carapace.....
 Cyclaspoides sp. A
 All five pedigerous segments free.....3
3. Carapace with one or more teeth on the midline.....Cyclaspis sp. A
 Carapace lacking teeth on the midline.....4
4. Antennal sinus absent, both margins of uropodal peduncle setate in
 female.....Cyclaspis sp. D
 Antennal sinus evident, peduncle of uropods lacking setae along both
 margins in female (but inner margin may be serrate).....5
5. Carapace strongly pitted and sculptured, with depression antero-
 dorsally in both
 sexes.....6
 Carapace nearly smooth, with scattered small pits only, without
 depressed areas in either sex.....Cyclaspis sp. B
6. Carapace with trough-like depression extending obliquely back from
 the antennal sinus in both sexes.....Cyclaspis sp. C
 Carapace lacking trough-like depression behind the antennal sinus in
 both sexes.....Cyclaspis nubila Zimmer 1936
7. Carapace lacking teeth or denticles dorsally; lateral margins of 3rd
 (female) or 4th (male) abdominal segment overlapping those of
 adjacent segments..... Leptocuma forsmanni Zimmer 1943
 Carapace with teeth or denticles dorsally; lateral margins of 3rd or
 4th abdominal segment not overlapping those of adjacent segments....8
8. Pleonal segments ridged laterally, lacking eyes or pigmented ocular
 material.....Bathycuma longicaudata Calman 1912
 Pleonal segments not ridged laterally; with eyes.....9
9. Dorsal teeth or denticles in two parallel rows flanking the midline of
 the carapace.....10
 Dorsal teeth in a single row along midline.....Glyphocuma sp. A
10. Dorsal tooth rows running the full length of the
 carapace.....
 Vaunthompsonia pacifica Zimmer 1943
 Dorsal tooth rows restricted to the anterior half of the carapace.....11
11.Vaunthompsonia sp. A*
 Vaunthompsonia sp. B*
 Vaunthompsonia sp. C*

*These three taxa cannot be adequately separated yet

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