

A Key to Hexactinellid Families

by

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- 1a. Hexactinellida with amphidiscs, without hexasters³ 2
- 1b. Hexactinellida with hexasters, without amphidiscs 5
- 2a. Xylostyles present² Corythophoridae Hernandez, 1932
- 2b. Xylostyles absent 3
- 3a. Sceptres present³ Pheronematidae Gray, 1870
- 3b. Sceptres absent 4
- 4a. Uncinates present, tauractins common² Monorhaphididae Ijima, 1927
- 4b. Uncinates nearly always absent, tauractins absent or rare Hyalonematidae Gray, 1857
- 5a. Rhabdodiactins present² 6
- 5b. Rhabdodiactins absent 9
- 6a. Goblet or mushroom-like body Sympagellidae (Ijima, 1903)
- 6b. Ovoid, cup-like, tubular or sacciform body 7
- 7a. Dermal pentactins present² 8
- 7b. Dermal pentactins absent Alcyoncellidae (Gray, 1867)
- 8a. Oxyhexasters present³ Lanuginellidae (F.E. Schulze, 1886)
- 8b. Oxyhexasters absent Placoplegmidae (Ijima, 1904)
- 9a. Main skeletal hexactins all lychnics, or lychnics common³ Aulocystidae F.E. Schulze, 1904
- 9b. Main skeletal hexactins never lychnics 10
- 10a. Clavules, lonchioles or sarules present³ Farreidae F.E. Schulze, 1886
- 10b. Clavules, lonchioles or sarules absent, scopules often present³ 11
- 11a. With radial canals that occupy the interstices of a honeycomb-like skeleton Aphrocallistidae Gray, 1858
- 11b. Without a honeycomb or hexagonal skeleton 12
- 12a. Skeletal framework irregularly meshed, being made up of hexactins with rays frequently curved and elongated, and oriented without regularity in relation to one another Aulocalycidae Ijima, 1927
- 12b. Skeletal framework often regularly meshed, or if irregular, hexactins are straight rayed and as a rule no longer than the side they form of the mesh 13

- 13a. With cleft-like or canal-like gaps extending from the dermal membrane to
the spongocoel Hexactinellidae (F.E. Schulze, 1886)
13b. Without cleft-like or canal-like gaps Euretidae F.E. Schulze, 1886

Footnotes:

2. figure(s) on page 2 of spicule drawings
3. figure(s) on page 3 of spicule drawings