**Eogammaris confervicolus**

**Diagnostic Characters:**

- Rostrum very short
- Gnathopods powerfully subchelate
- G1 larger than G2, subsimilar
- Palms of gnathopods on males bear peg spines
- Telson bi-lobate

- Uropods 1 & 2, rami linear, apically and marginally spinose, longer than uropod 3
- Uropsome segments 1 and 2 with 2-4 groups of spines, not elevated strongly
- Antenna 1, peduncular segments 1 and 2 with 2-3 groups of posterior marginal setae
- All pleon segments dorsally bare

- Telson lobes each with one apical spine
- Urosome 1, all 4 spine groups with at least 3 spines
- P7, basis, narrowing distally
- E2 & 3, posterior margin lined with 0-2 setae
- Urosome segment 2, dorsal spines in two groups only
- Antennae 1 distinctly longer than A2

**Illustration:**

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*Fig. 4. Eogammarus confervicolus* (Stimpson) Alberni Inlet, B.C., ♂ 15.5 mm, ♀ 11.5 mm, ov. Abbreviations, see Fig. 1.