See Ingi- 85 pri

Terebellides californica Williams, 1984

Trichobranchidae Vol. 4, No. 11

SCAMIT Code: LACO 62 Date Examined: November 12, 1985

Voucher by: Susan Williams (AHF)

LITERATURE: Williams, 1984

DIAGNOSTIC CHARACTERISTICS:

1. Thoracic setigers 18; abdominal setigers 30-35

- 2. First notopodia well-developed, with fine, greatly prolonged notosetae (Fig. A).
- 3. Uncini begin on setiger 6; the first acicular (Fig. B) and the remaining thoracic uncini long-stemmed with an avicular head surmounted by a crest of small teeth (Fig. C). Thoracic uncini average 25-30 per neuropodium.
- 4. Branchial lamellae moderately fused, with no anterior extension.

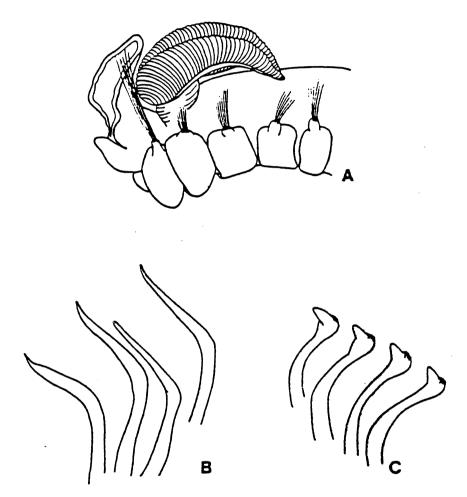
RELATED SPECIES AND DIFFERENCES (California, shelf depths):

Terebellides reishi: First notosetae somewhat reduced; abdominal setigers 40-55.

Terebellides kobei: Anterior extension of branchial structure; setiger 3 with a rounded projection at the level of the notopodium.

Terebellides sp C: Branchiae not fused; first notosetae well-developed but not prolonged; large lappet projection on setiger 2; thoracic uncini average 12 per neuropodium; mature to small (12mm) size.

DISTRIBUTION: Oregon to western Mexico; shelf and slope depths.



Terebellides californica n. sp. A) anterior end, B) acicular setae, settiger 6, C) thoracic uncini.

Figures from Williams, 1984

Tom Parker

From:

Leslie Harris [lhharris@bcf.usc.edu] Tuesday, March 13, 2001 10:30 AM

ent: 5:

tparker@lacsd.org

Subject:

Re: Thelepinae

At 08:45 AM 3/13/01 -0800, you wrote:

>Greetings Leslie:

>Do you off-hand know of any thelepinae with abdominal uncini arranged in >nearly complete circle/oval other than description of Thelepus crispus?

>I have looked in Hutchings pubs, Fauchald, Hartman and have not encountered >one. I have some specimens with such an uncinal arrangement...but don't >seem to fit in Thelepus well.

Hi Tom -

In addition to some Thelepus, there are also species of Streblosoma with complete ovals or C or U shaped arrangements. The C- or U-shaped row can become compressed & contracted to form a nearly complete oval. I have a list of the Streblosoma but not Thelepus -

S. comatus - see Glasby & Hutchings 1987 - J. Nat History 21

S. duplicata - see Hutchings 1990

S. dytikos - see Hutchings & Glasby 1990

7 I. Not Holm 9: 205-23 V S. hesslei - see Kudenov 1975

S. uncinatus - see Kudenov 1975

S. sp. - see Hutchings & Glasby 1990

mope this helps-

L.

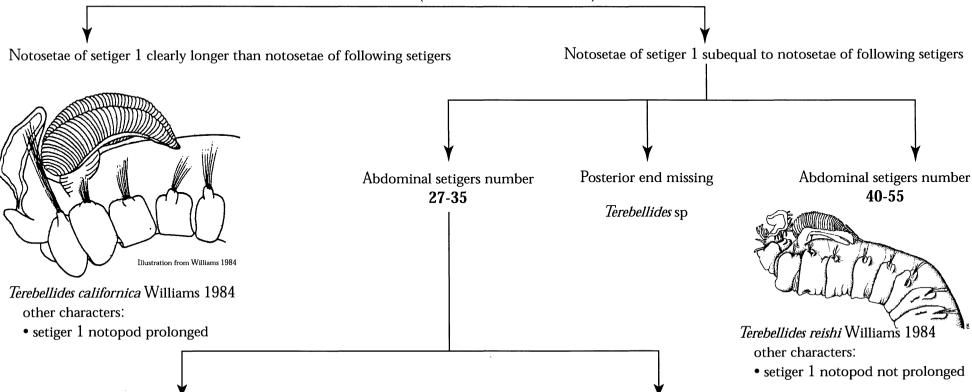
Leslie H. Harris Collection Manager.

LACM-Allan Hancock Foundation Polychaete Collection tel: 213) 763-3234 Los Angeles County Museum of Natural History fax: 213) 746-2999 900 Exposition Boulevard email: lhharris@bcf.usc.edu

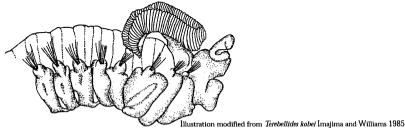
Los Angeles, California 90007 U.S.A.

TRICHOBRANCHIDAE OF POINT LOMA

(Check both sides of animal)



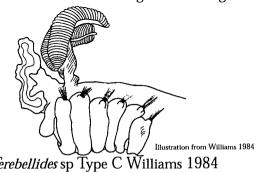
Area of glandular expansion is present on setiger 3; setiger 3 is wider than setiger 2 and setiger 4



Terebellides sp Type D Williams 1984 other characters:

- setiger 1 notopod slightly prolonged
- number of abdominal setigers = 30-35

Area of glandular expansion is lacking on setiger 3; setiger 3 is **same width** as setiger 2 and setiger 4



Terebellides sp Type C Williams 1984 other characters:

- setiger 1 notopod not prolonged
- number of abdominal setigers = 27-31