

Megamoera subtener

Diagnostic Characters:

Peraeon generally smooth

Abdomen often mid-dorsally toothed or mucronate, rarely spinose or setose or laterally toothed

Head, anterior lobe rounded, inferior antennal sinus reduced, often notch-like

Eye generally small, rounded, pigmented

Antenna 2 shorter than antenna 1

G1 and G2 in males, markedly unequal, G2 propod and dactyl large, carpus short

E3 produced

Pleon segments 1 & 2, central postero-dorsal tooth with 4 fine denticles on each side

Urosome 1, mid-dorsal tooth with 2 fine denticles on each side

Telson, apical spines long

G2, male, anterior margin of dactyl with a few weak setae

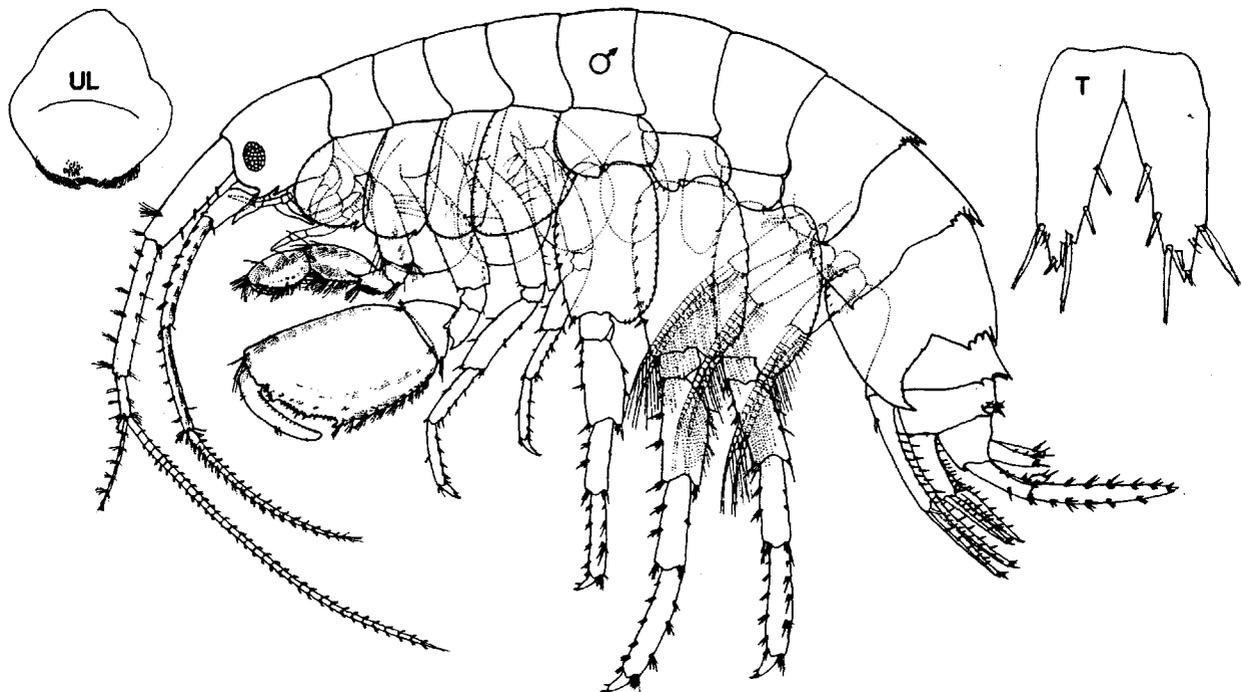
Pleon plate 3 hind corner acute

Uropod 1, rami closely subequal

Telson lobes proximal subapical notch located on outer lateral margin

G1, male, propod broadest distally, palm usually steep or nearly vertical, sharply angled from posterior margin

Illustration:



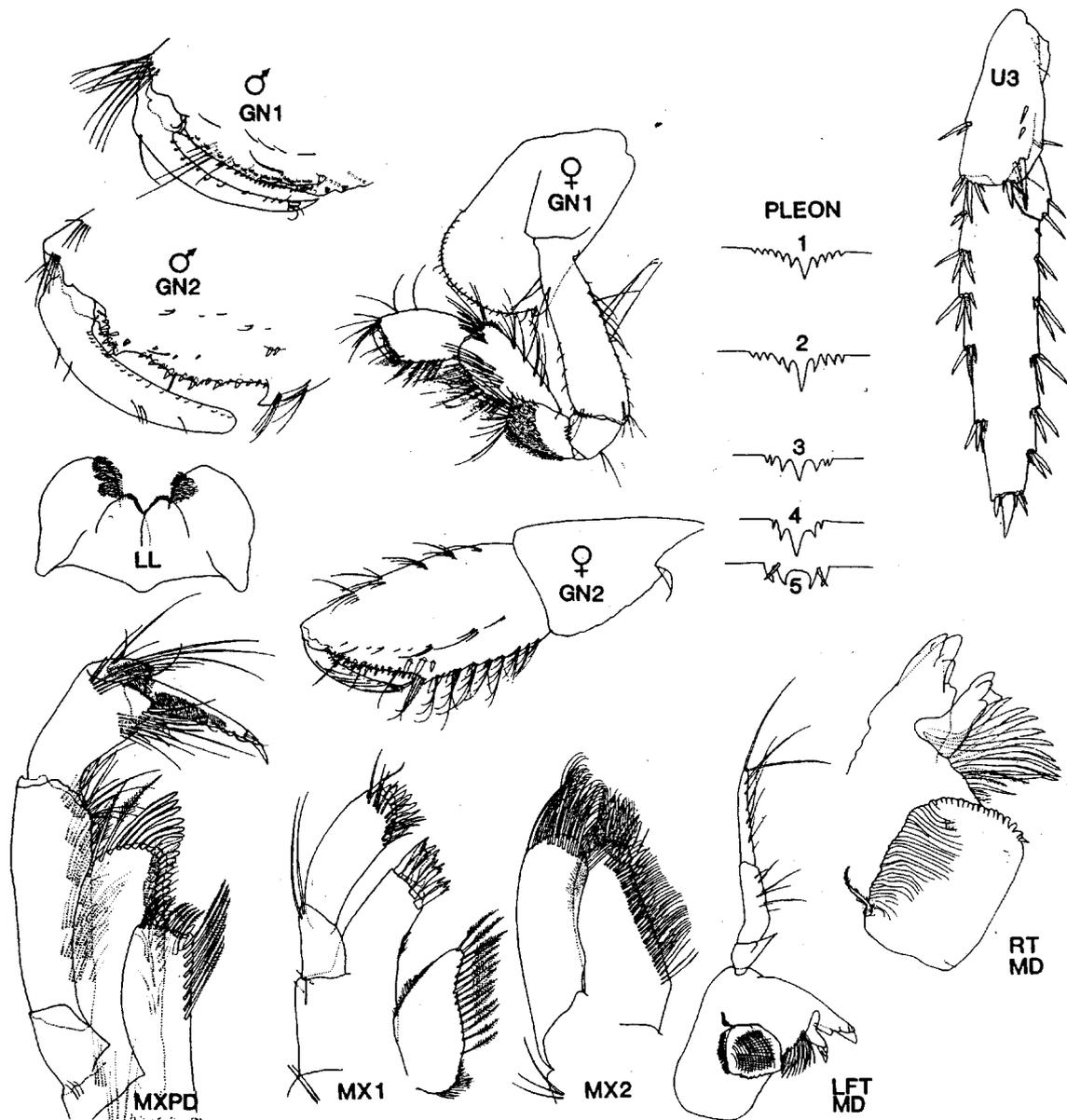


Fig. 10. *Megamoera subtener* (Stimpson, 1864). Male (12.0 mm). Murder Cove (A30), Alaska. Female (10.0 mm).. David I. (P712), Trevor Channel, B. C.